

If you learn simple facts in the area you are familiar with you may retain them without spaced repetition.

The learning curve described by Ebbinghaus refers to how fast one learns information. The sharpest increase occurs after the first try and then gradually evens out, meaning that less and less new information is retained after each repetition. (7 appears average required). Like the forgetting curve, the learning curve is exponential.

The forgetting curve describes the exponential loss of information that one has learned. The sharpest decline occurs in the first twenty minutes and the decay is significant through the first hour. The curve levels off after about one day.

Comprehension is how we learn and understand information.

What is the education level of the audience that should be pitched for more efficient communication?
Remember that audio remains the primary mechanism to communicate to those that cannot read and write.

Rom10:14-15 - Classic example of communication of the gospel: "14 How, then, can they call on the one they have not believed in? And how can they believe in the one of whom they have not heard? And how can they hear without someone preaching to them? 15 And how can they preach unless they are sent? As it is written, How beautiful are the feet of those who bring good news!"

Communication that facilitates comprehension

